CHAPTER 6: CONTINU	ING A SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY
QUESTION NO.	SUMMARY OF REPS
QUESTION / PARAGRAPH	
Paragraph 6.1 Support:2 Object: 1 Comment: 1	<ul> <li>ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:</li> <li>Development will offer exceptional opportunities for a generation of children. Cambridge is a key area for the 21st Century and needs infrastructure to match. The relevant council should treat this plan as an exception, a chance to evolve rather than to stand still.</li> <li>OBJECTIONS:</li> <li>The Local Plan to 2031 must continue with a sustainable development strategy on the edge of Cambridge. The loss of 12,000 dwellings in Cambridge East is no excuse to change the strategy and move to a dispersal development strategy. Other equally sustainable land is available on the edge of Cambridge.</li> <li>COMMENTS:</li> <li>This sustainable development strategy needs to describe how to support "mitigating and adapting to climate change including moving to a low carbon economy", as described under "an environmental role" in 4.1. This would be by including requirements for high energy-efficiency in all new buildings and retro-fit (or replacement) of inefficient old properties. And also supporting sustainable, local communities, where the need for frequent or distant travel is reduced and low-carbon travel options are supported.</li> </ul>
Paragraph 6.2	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT: OBJECTIONS:
Support:0 Object: 2 Comment: 0	<ul> <li>The strategy contained in the adopted Local Plans remains the most sustainable strategy being founded on a robust and credible evidence base, rooted in the principles of sustainable development and having been through a Plan process. Any strategy dispersing major development away from Cambridge would be unsustainable and therefore unsound. If the LPAs revert to a strategy of more dispersed growth away from Cambridge the plans are likely to be found unsound as they would be contrary to paragraph 37 of the NPPF which seeks to secure a balance of land uses to minimise journey lengths.</li> <li>Not needed on the Green Belt.</li> </ul>
Paragraph 6.3	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
Support:0	<ul><li>OBJECTIONS:</li><li>You should have used this opportunity to report</li></ul>

Object: 4	leads on the bustined (findines) of the surgers on
Object: 1	back on the 'voting' (findings) of the summer
Comment: 0	consultation. What level of support was there for
	each of these questions
	COMMENTS:
Paragraph 6.3 Bullet 1	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
	OBJECTIONS:
Support:0	
Support:0	The city is big enough. It's too crowded. We need
Object: 3	green space we can enjoy.
Comment: 2	<ul> <li>Traffic issues. Overloaded infrastructure. Loss of</li> </ul>
	countryside. Overdevelopment
	There should be no more development than
	already committed on the edge of Cambridge. The
	full impact cannot be assessed until existing
	schemes are completed. These projects need a
	generation to mature and learn from mistakes.
	Develop land on the edge of Cambridge whenever
	& wherever needed to sustain economic growth &
	properity.
	COMMENTS:
	<ul> <li>Our road system cannot cope with the increased</li> </ul>
	traffic new housing developments are creating.
	And our countryside needs to be protected. No
	more mass housing developments around
	Cambridge.
Paragraph 6.3 Bullet 2	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
	<ul> <li>Yes, if it is needed to support the wider needs of</li> </ul>
Support:2	our community. The Green Belt is simply a
Object: 8	planning construct to inhibit growth and drive up
Comment: 1	property values for the fortunate few. It is not
	'sacred ground' and if we need the land then it
	should be used in the interests of the many not the
	-
	few. The interests of the many start first with the
	economy, jobs and housing
	OBJECTIONS:
	Land should only be released from the Green Belt
	if it can be demonstrated unequivocally that the
	benefits will outweigh the negative consequences
	for the City as a whole.
	<ul> <li>No, to avoid creating ugly urban sprawl.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The Cambridge Green Belt is precious in defining</li> </ul>
	the boundary of the built-up area and in protecting
	the surrounding villages and countryside from
	becoming part of a larger 'Greater Cambridge'
	conurbation. The Green Belt should be preserved
	and if further housing development is necessary, it
	should be concentrated in new settlements away
	from Cambridge with proper investment in these
	new communities and their public transport links
	to the City.
	-
	The Green Belt is there for a reason and eroding it
	will spoil our beautiful city and surrounding
	villages.
	Cambridge is a world famous historic City and the
	Green Belt should be regarded as a major

	component of its character and its full retention underpin any growth policy.
	<ul> <li>The Green Belt is needed to define the edges of the city, particularly as there is already much housing being built in this area and the new traffic already generated will be very heavy.</li> <li>COMMENTS:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Not without massive public transport investment.</li> </ul>
Paragraph 6.3 .Bullet 3	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
Support:2 Object: 3 Comment: 0	<ul> <li>All the proposals are viable and acceptable. Let the market decide which start first dependent upon economic considerations.</li> <li>OBJECTIONS:</li> </ul>
Comment. 0	<ul> <li>Do not build on village Green Belt land. Stapleford would be spoilt.</li> <li>COMMENTS:</li> </ul>
Paragraph 6.3 Bullet 4	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
	OBJECTIONS:
Support:0	COMMENTS:
Object: 0	At some point the Marshalls airport site will have
Comment: 1	to be addressed and a way forward found. The
	sooner this starts the better.
Paragraph 6.4	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
Current C	OBJECTIONS:
Support:0	The Councils' current strategy is starting to deliver
Object: 2 Comment: 0	homes in places where people want to live in or
Comment. 0	close to Cambridge with good access to its services and facilities. The new settlements will
	result in more commuting and car journeys,
	increasing congestion and carbon emissions.
	Cambridge also has an acute shortage of
	affordable homes and these need to be built close
	to Cambridge.
	No. Do not crowd Villages. It will make Stapleford
	outside schools dangerous. Do not build on Green
	Belt land.
	COMMENTS:
Paragraph 6.5	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT: OBJECTIONS:
Support:0	<ul> <li>Do not spoil Stapleford by packing in more</li> </ul>
Object: 2	houses, where the extra traffic will be a threat to
Comment: 0	the life of the primary school children. COMMENTS:
Paragraph 6.6	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
	OBJECTIONS:
Support:0	<ul> <li>Do not build on Green Belt land.</li> </ul>
Object: 1	COMMENTS:
Comment: 0	
Paragraph 6.7 Bullet 1	
Support:1	Agreed.     Agreet.
	OBJECTIONS:
Ohiect: 4	The Groop Bolt should be protected to provest the
Object: 4 Comment: 0	<ul> <li>The Green Belt should be protected to prevent the gradual creep of Cambridge into the surrounding</li> </ul>

countryside, particularly in the areas identified as being of 'medium to very high in terms of importance to the setting of the City and to Gree Belt purposes' in the Council's own 2012 Apprais of the Inner Green Belt.         It is unfair that Cambridge will have to lose its Green Belt to accommodate growth in Cambridgeshire.         Object to any more erosion of the Green Belt in principle. In addition, the infrastructure of the tow and outlying villages just cannot take it. Traffic.         COMMENTS:         Paragraph 6.7 Bullet 2         Support:4         Object:1         Comment: 1         The developments, if given appropriate facilities, can become genuine communities with their own identity.         The development of more self-contained new settlements outside the City, with good facilities and transport links, is preferable to allowing Cambridge to extend piecemeal into its Green Belt. This will be better for both Cambridge and the inhabitants of the new developments, who w be part of a smaller-scale community rather thar living in one of the outer suburbs of an ever-extending Cambridge.         OBJECTIONS:       If settlements are to be developed then there is a requirement to fully rely on transport to Cambridge for the provision of jobs. Why not put jobs within the settlements in line with the comments in 6.11         COMMENTS:       This is better than loss of Green Belt if done sensitively and with infrastructure provided.         Paragraph 6.7 Bullet 3       ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
Cambridge to extend piecemeal into its Green Belt. This will be better for both Cambridge and the inhabitants of the new developments, who w be part of a smaller-scale community rather than living in one of the outer suburbs of an ever- extending Cambridge.OBJECTIONS:If settlements are to be developed then there is r requirement to fully rely on transport to Cambridge for the provision of jobs. Why not put jobs within the settlements in line with the comments in 6.11COMMENTS:This is better than loss of Green Belt if done sensitively and with infrastructure provided.Paragraph 6.7 Bullet 3ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
<ul> <li>If settlements are to be developed then there is a requirement to fully rely on transport to Cambridg for the provision of jobs. Why not put jobs within the settlements in line with the comments in 6.11</li> <li>COMMENTS:</li> <li>This is better than loss of Green Belt if done sensitively and with infrastructure provided.</li> <li>Paragraph 6.7 Bullet 3</li> </ul>
Paragraph 6.7 Bullet 3     ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
OBJECTIONS:
Support:1     Not on the Green Belt
Object: 2     Village bus services are being cut. Why not     develop jobs in the villages?
Comment: 1 develop jobs in the villages? COMMENTS:
<ul> <li>A limited amount of sustainable development might be appropriate, if it did not adversely affect the character of the villages and may support loo jobs and shops.</li> </ul>
Paragraph 6.7 Bullet 4 ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT: OBJECTIONS: COMMENTS:
Support:0     Provided that this is not an excuse for not
Object: 0     prioritising.       Comment: 1

	Neither Authority has given due regard to our
Support:0	detailed submissions to Issues and Options 1
Object: 1	Consultations. The Councils have ignored our
Comment: 0	evidence that there is an appropriate sustainable
	location on the edge of Cambridge to
	accommodate housing and employment growth
	which would not impact detrimentally on the
	historic setting of the City by means of exemplar
	landscape-led masterplanning. CEG's approach to
	releasing appropriate sustainable land from the
	Green Belt at Broad Location 7 follows guidance in
	paragraph 84 of the NPPF and the LPAs must
	follow this approach too.
	COMMENTS:
Paragraph 6.9	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
	East Cambs District Council - Welcome
	recognition of the development sequence set out
Support:1	in paragraph 3.6 of the Part 1 document (e.g.
Object: 1	within Cambridge, on the edge of Cambridge, at
Comment: 0	Northstowe, and in the market towns and better
	served villages in South Cambridgeshire), and
	agree with the Inspectors conclusions that it
	remains the most sustainable strategy for the two
	District to 2016 and beyond (as set out in
	paragraph 6.9). <b>OBJECTIONS:</b>
	<ul> <li>Welcome the acknowledgement that Independent Inspectors confirmed that the adented LDEs</li> </ul>
	Inspectors confirmed that the adopted LDFs provided the most sustainable development
	strategy for the districts to 2016 and "beyond".
	The Councils should not to pursue an
	unsustainable development strategy by reverting
	back to the dispersal of development away from
	Cambridge as this would lead to the two Local
	Plans being found unsound being contrary to
	paragraph 37 of the NPPF.
	COMMENTS:
Paragraph 6.10	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
	OBJECTIONS:
	<ul> <li>Give priority to sites with existing or new rail</li> </ul>
Support:0	stations. Give priority to sites which can help to
Object: 1	regenerate the public transport network in the
Comment: 4	surrounding area, especially where it is relatively
	poor. Ensure that all major developments have
	public transport 7 days a week including both
	weekday and Sunday evenings and guarantee the
	future of such services. Use car-free
	developments as a strategy to make the public
	transport network more viable while giving new
	options to people who want to opt out of the car-
	dependent society.
	COMMENTS:
	East Cambs District Council - We note the     contents of the 'Sustainable Development
	contents of the 'Sustainable Development

	<ul> <li>Strategy Review' (referred to in paragraph 6.10 of Part 1) - background document to the review of the two Local Plans (produced by the Joint Strategic Planning Unit). East Cambridgeshire contains a number of Market Towns, but we were not consulted on the Strategy Review or asked to feed into its production. Market Towns differ considerably in their ability to support sustainable growth (as referred to in Joint Statement 2010). The scale of housing growth needs to be linked to the ability of each Market Town to generate employment growth, and self-containment. The distance from Cambridge (where many jobs are located) and the quality of public transport links are also key factors to consider, when looking at the sustainability of individual Market Towns, or the sustainability of individual larger villages. The Sustainable Development Strategy Review does not pick up on significant changes in transport connectivity which have taken place in Cambridgeshire since the Structure Plan and the current District Plans were produced - such as the guided busway or planned improvements to the Science Park station. The Sustainable Development Strategy Review as the guided busway or planned improvements to the Science Park station. The Sustainable</li> <li>Development Strategy Review categorises all new settlements together. Potential options vary widely in their sustainability. For example, Northstowe's location linked to the guided busway has strong benefits which may not be replicated for other options.</li> <li>Providing public transport, no matter how good it is, will not prevent people from getting in a car if there's no reason not to.</li> <li>The report highlights that the most sustainable sites for development are on the fringe of Cambridge, and yet most of these sites have been ruled out for a (misplaced) fear of ruining the aesthetic appeal of the setting of the city.</li> <li>There are a number of major sites surrounding Cambridge that could well be better suited. At some stage soon they will come back int</li></ul>
	Northstowe, Waterbeach & Bourne will buy some
Deregraph C 11	time for Cambridge but that is all. ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
Paragraph 6.11	<ul> <li>Support: The three central themes are supported.</li> </ul>
Support:2	However, one important fixed variable which is
Object: 2	acknowledged in paragraph 6.12 is that sufficient employment land already has planning permission
Comment: 1	to accommodate growth to 2031. A significant
	proportion of this is located to the South of
	Cambridge at the wider Addenbrookes complex
	and at the Genome Campus / Babraham Hall /
	Granta Park cluster. As a consequence, the new

	<ul> <li>development strategy should investigate new settlement options to the south of Cambridge, and close to the railway corridor, that can better balance the growth of new jobs and houses.</li> <li>As well as "good public transport", include support for other low-carbon travel, such as walking, cycling and electric vehicles.</li> <li>OBJECTIONS:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Agree that the strategy must not return to unsustainable patterns of development as detailed in the first bullet point under paragraph 6.11. Both Councils must employ and deliver the most sustainable strategy for new development in this Plan period to 2031 and beyond, which is within and on the edge of Cambridge. There is too much new housing development being planned for SCDC too far from Cambridge. If the LPAs pursue a growth strategy away from the Cambridge the plan would be contrary to paragraphs 18, 30 and 37 of the NPPF and would be found unsound.</li> <li>Do not build on Green Belt land in Stapleford.</li> </ul>
	COMMENTS:
	Good public roads are needed as well.
Paragraph 6.11 1 <sup>st</sup> Bullet	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
Support:2 Object: 1	<ul> <li>Support the comment on scale, just because a development can be densely built on does not mean that it should be, housing targets or not.</li> <li>OBJECTIONS:</li> </ul>
Comment: 1	<ul> <li>In the absence of a proper integrated transport plan or any money to build infrastructure prior to development this is nonsense.</li> <li>COMMENTS:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Development needs to be sensitive to the needs of local residents, and to provide some benefit to the community.</li> </ul>
Paragraph 6.11 2 <sup>nd</sup> Bullet	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
Support:1	<ul> <li>If an area is congested already, it should not be built on densely, for fear of worsening an already bad situation (for example Newmarket Road).</li> </ul>
Object: 1	OBJECTIONS:
Comment: 1	<ul> <li>Focus on the economic case and broad planning issues and then let the market do its job. If a community can't sustain itself so be it.</li> <li>COMMENTS:</li> </ul>
	Development should not proceed without the infrastructure being in place or legally secured.
Paragraph 6.11 3 <sup>rd</sup> bullet	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
	OBJECTIONS:
Support:0	<ul> <li>Do not build on Green Belt.</li> <li>COMMENTS:</li> </ul>
Object: 1	<ul> <li>This is a matter for the market not the planning</li> </ul>
Comment: 1	authority unless you have money available to influence them.

Paragraph 6.12	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
	OBJECTIONS:
	What are the deliverable transport options?
Support:0	If overcapacity in employment development is
Object: 2	anticipated, surely this implies a lesser need for
Comment: 2	housing also, with the fortunate consequence that
	it will then be less difficult to achieve the important
	objectives of maintaining the special character of
	Cambridge and quality of life for its residents.
	COMMENTS:
	• Where is the land for this employment growth?
	Character and quality of life are important for
	everyone in this area not just Cambridge
Dens were b. 0.40	residents.
Paragraph 6.13	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT: OBJECTIONS:
Support:0	
Object: 1	<ul> <li>Do not build on Green Belt land in Stapleford.</li> <li>COMMENTS:</li> </ul>
Comment: 0	
Paragraph 6.14	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
	OBJECTIONS:
	• For many households, choice of home location is
Support:0	a compromise because the adults work in different
Object: 1	places and the children's schools are another
Comment: 1	factor. Good public transport and road links are
	therefore essential.
	COMMENTS:
	East Cambs District Council - All local
	authorities will need to have regard to the
	development sequence, which is reiterated in the
	Joint Spatial Planning Statement (July 2012)
	agreed by the Cambridgeshire authorities. This
	applies to new growth proposed in each Local
	Plan - not just outstanding commitments and allocations from previous Plans
Paragraph 6.15	allocations from previous Plans. ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
	OBJECTIONS:
	• All of the figures listed within paragraphs 6.15-6.18
Support:0	in relation to their existing housing supply are out
Object: 3	of date and need to be updated in order to reflect
Comment: 1	the current position in terms of housing supply as
	detailed within the Council's latest Annual
	Monitoring Reports of December 2012. The
	potential capacity of the SHLAA sites within
	Cambridge City also needs to be updated to
	reflect the sites now being consulted on.
	Do not build on Green Belt land.
	COMMENTS:
	Remove private off-street parking in central
	Cambridge. This would lead to a reduction in
	traffic trying to drive into the central areas
	particularly at peak times) and release land for
	development of residential accommodation and commercial or academic use. A good contribution

	to making Cambridge more sustainable.
Paragraph 6.16	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
	OBJECTIONS:
Support:0 Object: 2 Comment: 1	<ul> <li>The figures listed within paragraphs 6.15-6.18 in relation to their existing housing supply are out of date and need to be updated in order to reflect the current position in terms of housing supply as detailed within the Council's latest Annual Monitoring Reports of December 2012. The potential capacity of the SHLAA sites within Cambridge City also needs to be updated to reflect the sites now being consulted on.</li> <li>Emphasise the need for family homes with adequate outdoor space, car and cycle parking. We are concerned at the number of developments currently approved with inadequate allowance for car parking, on the basis that the occupants will</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>car parking, on the basis that the occupants will use other means to get to work. Many people who do, also use their cars for leisure, and the lack of on-site parking increases parking congestion on existing streets.</li> <li>COMMENTS:</li> <li>The addition of 6000 new homes to the existing city is arguably a more realistic goal.</li> </ul>
Paragraph 6.17	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
	OBJECTIONS:
Support:0 Object: 3 Comment: 4	<ul> <li>Housing figures are out of date.</li> <li>A dispersal strategy must be avoided if the plans are to be consistent with the NPPF.</li> <li>No more Green Belt development until current allocations are completed and effect assessed.</li> <li>Move the jobs away from Cambridge for example to Waterbeach.</li> <li>COMMENTS:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Unfortunately local people have long been priced out of Cambridge as housing has been sold/rented to London commuters as it has been seen as a 'cheaper' alternative to the capital (this has caused prices to skyrocket). Whilst affordable housing is being proposed some priority for it needs to be given to those on lower wages e.g. public service/ sector workers. If not then existing traffic issues will remain unchanged. Public transport is currently an unattractive option as unreliable and expensive.</li> <li>Better roads are needed and more room for cars to reflect the reality of peoples lives.</li> </ul>
Paragraph 6.18	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
	<ul> <li>Yes, build on the Green Belt.</li> <li>OBJECTIONS:</li> </ul>
Support:1	Housing figures are out of date.
Object: 8 Comment: 0	Only 1,360 additional dwellings are currently identified as part of new allocations on the edge of Cambridge over the 20-year plan period. The

	<ul> <li>implication is that significant development over the Plan period will be directed to New Settlements in addition to Northstowe. The two Local Plans must employ a growth strategy which is not only sustainable but seeks to allocate land where people want to live. Allocating land on the Cambridge fringe would meet the requirements of paragraph 158 of the NPPF.</li> <li>There are alternatives to building in the Green Belt. Keep it as it is.</li> <li>There are no exceptional reasons to justify development in the Green belt and the yield is too low to justify the impact.</li> <li>The road system will not be able to cope.</li> </ul>
Paragraph 6.19	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
Support:1	<ul> <li>Constraints upon the size of Northstowe now depend upon the ability of the city centre and arterial approaches to absorb more buses.</li> </ul>
Object: 2	OBJECTIONS:
Comment: 6	<ul> <li>In conjunction with the developments planned, allocated, or possible within and on the edge of the city, this gives a total of over 25,000 new homes, half as much again as the current size of Cambridge. The city cannot support such an expansion without tearing up the medieval historic core. The city centre is already overcrowded from the point of view of buses, delivery lorries and pedestrians. The document gives no indication that any of these issues have been taken into account.</li> <li>The paragraph states that 7,500 dwellings are anticipated to be delivered at Northstowe by 2031. Our evidence is that only 4,500 dwellings are likely to be delivered by 2031 given the long lead-in times for new settlement delivery and the timing of upgrade works to the A14. There will therefore continue to be a serious shortfall of housing delivery in the plan period as there has been in the current plan period.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>A rail system would have been better than the guided bus.</li> <li>The guided bus could form the core of an improved transport network.</li> <li>While Northstowe is served by the guided busway, there are currently no services on Sunday evenings. Permission for development there should be linked with rectification of this anomaly. Also, while there are links to Cambridge, St Ives and Huntingdon, the last is slow; and we</li> </ul>
	also need to plan for links in other directions to take workers, shoppers etc. both to and from the surrounding villages. No development should be

	allowed which commits the public sector to heavy costs in upgrading the A14.
	<ul> <li>The point about buses getting trapped in City traffic neatly highlights just how seriously the City needs serious disincentives to inbound car travel down major congested routes such as Histon and Newmarket Road.</li> <li>Rejected SHLAA site 274 in South Cambs is being promoted to north of Guided Busway adjacent to Northstowe.</li> <li>Build more roads.</li> </ul>
Paragraph 6 20	
Paragraph 6.20 Support:5 Object: 5 Comment: 3	<ul> <li>ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:</li> <li>Waterbeach should be a priority area for redevelopment, a huge amount of land and houses already there; good local schools already set up to serve a larger population.</li> <li>Yes, but money is needed for transport infrastructure.</li> <li>Support a new town at Waterbeach. This would deliver the infrastructure and road system necessary and thereby cause less disruption than a smaller development which would not have the road support and would place a burden on the A10 and the B1047. Delivering 4,500 houses in the plan period would address both the acute and long term housing needs. The sustainable transport solutions required would help to cut existing car commuting journeys for residents already in the area.</li> <li>Support the development of Waterbeach, Northstowe and Bourn Airfield as sustainable communities with employment opportunities and schools.</li> <li>Ickleton Parish Council - It is essential to locate new settlements where they will give rise to as little London bound commuting as possible. Building in smaller villages would not deliver sufficient housing without destroying those communities and overloading local road networks.</li> <li>OBJECTIONS:</li> <li>Question the extent to which any significant development could be delivered at Waterbeach and Bourn Airfield are less sustainable locations than the edge of Cambridge. Relying on significant housing at these New Settlements will undermine the deliverability and flexibility of the Plan and result in the shortfall in housing delivery continuing and the plans would not meet the full, objectively assessed needs for market and affordable housing as required by paragraphs 14, 47, 158 and 159 of the NPPF. Consequently the</li> </ul>
	plans would be unsound.

•	Waterbeach Parish Council - The transport
	infrastructure is already under strain. Flooding is a potential risk. We therefore seek assurances that, rather than referring to the option of a new town in terms that imply a fait accompli, all matters relating to a possible development at Waterbeach Barracks are considered in depth and reported in a responsible and open manner.
•	Major development on the Waterbeach Barracks Site is undesirable. Some of the reasons are as follows: 1. Road links are inadequate, with congestion on the A10 already unacceptable and bound to increase following planned developments around Ely. 2. Potential contribution of rail to the transport links is greatly exaggerated and would cost a very large amount. 3. The suggestion that development at Waterbeach could contribute 4,500 dwellings by the end of the plan period is hugely over- optimistic.
•	The responses submitted on behalf of Hinxton Land in September 2012 exposed the flaws in the Sustainability Appraisal that led to Hanley Grange new settlement being dismissed as an option. Hinxton Land is concerned that it has received no substantive response to the earlier objection. As a consequence, Hanley Grange should be reinstated as a new settlement option.
•	Concentrating new developments in two places, I.e. Bourne & Waterbeach means that the disruption would continue for a long time, be greater risk for developers and require more infrastructures. Smaller developments within villages and infills would deliver housing sooner. <b>MMENTS:</b>
•	Waterbeach is rail served so quite suitable. Bourn
-	Airfield could also be rail served so quite suitable. Bourn Airfield could also be rail served if the route of the east-west rail link was chosen appropriately, and in any case could help to support the Cambourne Hub idea.
•	The issues raised here are equally applicable to sites distant or even close to the city when it comes to buses getting trapped in city traffic. In- bound commuting becomes a major problem at the edge of the city where the traffic collects. The
	biggest contributor to the journey time delay is
	getting into and through central Cambridge.
•	Swavesey Parish Council - Strong concern
	raised over proposed development at Bourn
	relating to surface and foul water drainage. With
	the amount of additional foul water drainage now coming through Swavesey Parish from
	Cambourne (and to come from
	Northstowe)increasing flood risk for Swavesey

	<ul> <li>Parish, serious consideration must be given to what would be planned for drainage for any development in the Bourn area. There is no sewage treatment plant at Cambourne (or Northstowe), perhaps one should be considered for further development in the Bourn &amp; Cambourne area?</li> </ul>
Paragraph 6.21	ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
	Agreed.
Support:1 Object: 5 Comment: 1	<ul> <li>OBJECTIONS:</li> <li>Stapleford will be spoilt if Green Belt built on, village will be changed forever, roads too busy and children's lives at risk outside primary schools.</li> <li>There may be scope in developing in the larger villages but not without a full assessment of existing services and infrastructure and plans for how growth in population will be supported by investment in infrastructure. It is not sustainable to overload rural villages without consideration of the effect on the existing the population.</li> <li>Regarding Melbourn the school is full to capacity, the roads - especially New Road, Orchard Road and the High Street are already congested and consequently are often unsafe. The village framework is there for a reason. It sets out the advised size of Melbourn and protects greenbelt land. The village was never built to support so many people - and the cracks will start to show if we push facilities too far.</li> <li>Great care should be taken before building in villages surrounding Cambridge: many already do not have sufficient infrastructure to cope, and building outside Cambridge encourages commuting, with increasing traffic problems, as public transport is not good.</li> <li>COMMENTS:</li> <li>The Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment call for sites, sites, public for sites, and for sites, sites, public for site</li></ul>
	Assessment call for sites, sites put forward, and
	the resulting assessment, gives a good basis for
Paragraph 6.22	the realistic delivery of housing. ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT:
Paragraph 6.22 Support:1 Object: 2 Comment: 0	<ul> <li>Only if Green Belts are permanent can they fulfil their function of separating town from surrounding villages, preventing urban sprawl. If each planning cycle justifies nibbles from the Green Belt, it will in time disappear. This is a danger between Histon/Impington (and Girton) and Cambridge. If</li> </ul>
	expansion is driven by employment, then when the capacity of a town is reached, employment needs to be developed elsewhere, perhaps at some distance.
	OBJECTIONS:
	On the basis that the Cambridge Urban Fringe is

the most sustainable location for new development, aligned with the exceptional circumstances in seeking to meet the acute housing shortage, we agree with the need to review the site options. The Local plans must employ a growth strategy which is not only sustainable but to allocate land where people want to live, so developers can build there. Allocating land on the Cambridge fringe would meet the requirements of paragraph 158 of the NPPF which requires that LPAs take account of market signals in preparing their strategies • Do not build on village Green Belt. <b>COMMENTS:</b>
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